#### No1 PHD Limited - Vulnerable Persons Policy & Procedure

The purpose of this policy and procedure is to mitigate risk when the operations of No1 PHD Limited are dealing with vulnerable customers. For the purposes of this policy and procedure 'vulnerable' customers are customers and prospective customers whose ability or circumstances require No1 PHD to take extra precautions in the way that we provide our services in order to ensure that they are not disadvantaged in any way. No1 PHD Limited recognises that we operate in an industry where we deal with a wide demographic of people, both remotely and on site, so it is imperative that we do our very best to acknowledge, identify and support them.

A person with vulnerability is usually described as someone who is susceptible to a higher risk of harm without the appropriate level of care.

Characteristics of a Vulnerable Person are listed below but not limited to:

- Elderly and frail due to ill health, physical disability or cognitive impairment
- · Has a learning disability
- Has a physical disability and / or a sensory impairment
- Has mental health needs including dementia or a personality disorder
- Has a long-term illness / condition
- Misuses substances or alcohol
- Is a carer, where the person meets the definition
- Is unable to demonstrate the capacity to make a decision and is in need of care and support
- · Living in residential care, warden assisted or sheltered accommodation
- Receiving certain types of welfare support
- Bereavement
- · Relationship breakdown
- English is not first language
- Unable to use technology
- Is in isolation
- Demonstrates a heightened emotional state or erratic behaviour which cannot be attributed to any other characteristics listed.

No1 PHD recognises that it is not always obvious that we are dealing with a vulnerable person so if we feel you may be vulnerable we may take various steps before commencing any works. If, during the course of a job, we become aware that a person may be deemed vulnerable we may stop work until we are comfortable it is appropriate for us to continue.

### Our process for dealing with potentially vulnerable customers

A person is unable to make a specific decision if they cannot understand information about the decision to be made, cannot retain that information in their mind, cannot use or weigh that information as part of the decision-making process, or cannot communicate their decision.

Assessing a person's vulnerability is complex but needs to be recognised in early contact and addressed appropriately. If we believe a person may be vulnerable, we will ask 3 key questions:

- 1. Are there any personal circumstances that affect your financial situations?
- 2. Does it affect your ability to deal with or communicate with us?
- 3. Does anyone help you to manage your finances such as a family member?

## Signs we look out for when identifying vulnerability in customers:

- Do they ask you to speak up or speak more slowly?
- Do they understand what you are saying, or do they miss important bits of information?
- Do they appear confused about what is being offered?
- Do they ask any unrelated questions?
- Do they keep wandering off the point in the discussion and talk about irrelevant things or things that don't make sense?
- Do they keep repeating themselves?
- Do they take a long time to answer questions or say that someone else deals with these things for them?
- Do they have a language barrier?
- Do they say they don't understand their bank statements, a previous phone conversation or recent written correspondence?

### Steps we take if we believe a customer may be vulnerable:

We speak slowly, clearly and explain fully.

We are patient and empathise where appropriate.

We don't rush as it may sometimes take the customer time to get relevant information together such as account details.

We keep on the subject under discussion.

We do not make assumptions about a customer's needs.

We clarify understanding at every point and always ask if there is anything else they would like us to explain.

We ask the consumer to explain to us what they understand the agreement to be.

We offer alternative types of communication – phone, post, email, in person.

We do not make assumptions that the person we are dealing with is sighted as they may be unable to read or understand serial numbers or account numbers.

We do not make assumptions that the customer we are talking to can hear everything we say as they may have a hearing impairment.

We always remember that the customer we are speaking to may sometimes be forgetful or overly trusting and believe that a sales representative is always acting in their best interest.

We understand that some customers may be lonely and welcome the opportunity just to talk to someone.

We give the customer time to explain their circumstances fully and don't interrupt or appear impatient.

We also listen for what is NOT being said, for example, lack of questions about price, lack of commitment, timing of responses, extended silences.

We always ask if there is a better time to discuss matters as some customers may perform better at different times of the day.

We ask if there is anyone else the customer may need to talk to before making the decision.

# **Prior to forming the contract:**

We ensure that the consumer demonstrates that they have an understanding of the decision they need to make, why they need to make it and that they understand the consequences of making, or not making that decision.

We ask if they need to discuss the matter with anyone else, or if they would like us to explain anything else, or if there anything else we can do further to help.

We are always prepared to repeat anything to clarify understanding.

We do not assume that the customer fully understands all the implications of the agreement and explicitly and clearly confirm all the key features.

We suggest that they talk it through with someone else and offer to re-contact them. If appropriate we suggest that a third person could be present

#### **Post Contract:**

If we identify particular communication needs, we may store that information so future contacts are handled appropriately with their permission:

We record that we are satisfied that the customer completely understood everything that was discussed.

We allow customers to make a personal declaration about their capabilities or communication needs and store this information with their permission.

Any records that are held are with the full knowledge and consent of the customer and are deleted when the relationship no longer exists in accordance with GDPR.

## If we identify a customer who may be in need of specialist advice which we are unable to offer:

We will refer them to, or we will seek guidance from an appropriate organisation such as:

- Stepchange
- Money Advice Trust
- CAB
- Samaritans
- Age UK
- Alzheimer's Society
- Mind

## **Sources of guidance we refer to:**

- Equality Act 2010
- Mental Capacity Act 2005
- Mental Capacity Guidance
- MALG Consumers with mental health problems & debt
- MALG 12 steps to treating vulnerable consumers fairly